

APPENDIX 12.F. SUMMARY OF REGRESSION ANALYSES RELATING FRESHWATER INFLOW TO DISTRIBUTION, MONTHLY ABUNDANCE, AND ANNUAL ABUNDANCE DERIVED FROM THE FIM'S DATASET 2001-2011.

Distribution 21.3-m Seine

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating pseudo-species distributional response (km_U) to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 21.3-m seine hauls collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>	Striped anchovy	0 to 45	May-Sep	1-8	0	3		
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	0 to 50	Apr-Jan	1-8	0	3		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	0 to 30	May-Jun	1-8	1	2	-0.77	60
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	31 to 55	May-Jul	1-8	3	0	-0.76	60
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	56 to 85	Jun-Sep	1-8	1	2	-0.60	90
<i>Brevoortia</i> spp.	Menhaden	20-40	Feb-Mar	1-3	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	0 to 30	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	50 to 120	Mar-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	0 to 50	Nov-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	40 to 65	Jul-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Fundulus seminolis</i>	Seminole killifish	0 to 80	Jun-Sep	1-8	0	3		
<i>Gambusia holbrooki</i>	Eastern mosquitofish	0 to 32	Oct-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	Naked goby	20 to 35	Dec-Apr	1-8	2	1	-0.52	60
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	0 to 35	Feb-Apr	1-8	0	3		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	36 to 70	Apr-Jul	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	0 to 25	Feb-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	26 to 55	Mar-Apr	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	56 to 75	Apr-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	20 to 110	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug-Nov	1-8	0	3		
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	20 to 80	Aug-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Jun-Jul	1-8	2	1	-0.70	90
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Aug-Nov	1-8	3	0	-0.60	30
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	16 to 23	Jun- Aug	1-8	0	3		
<i>Lucania parva</i>	Rainwater killifish	0 to 32	Mar-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	25 to 40	May-Aug	1-2	0	3		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	41 to 55	Jun-Sep	1-2	0	3		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	56 to 75	Sep-Feb	1-3	0	3		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	25 to 40	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	41 to 55	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	56 to 75	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	0 to 28	Sep-Dec	1-8	1	2	-0.43	30
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	29 to 45	Mar-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	0 to 25	Dec-Feb	1-8	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	35 to 65	Apr-May	1-8	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	66 to 96	Apr-Jun	1-8	0	3		

Distribution 21.3 m Seine Continued

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	0 to 39	Apr-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	40 to 140	May-Aug	1-8	0	3		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	0 to 30	Jan-Apr	1-8	0	3		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	31 to 45	Mar-Jun	1-8	1	2	-0.56	30
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	46 to 75	May-Jul	1-8	0	3		
<i>Notemigonus chrysoleucas</i>	Golden shiner	0 to 50	May-Jul	1-8	0	3		
<i>Notemigonus chrysoleucas</i>	Golden shiner	51 to 100	Jun-Nov	1-8	0	3		
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Strongylura marina</i>	Atlantic needlefish	100 to 175	Apr-Oct	1-8	0	3		
<i>Syngnathus scovelli</i>	Gulf pipefish	0 to 120	May-Oct	1-8	0	3		
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	0 to 30	Jul-Feb	1-8	0	3		
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	31 to 60	Apr-Jan	1-8	0	3		

Best-fit linear distributional response (kmU) to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 21.3-m seines in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Lag (Days)	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	0 to 30	May to Jun	1-8	60	Both	7	4.03	-0.2016	0.0150	0.5947		0.3895
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	31 to 55	May to Jul	1-8	60	Both	13	4.05	-0.1995	0.0001	0.7274		0.6044
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	56 to 85	Jun to Sep	1-8	90	Dep	12	3.11	-0.0001	0.0006	0.6368		0.4991
<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	Naked goby	20 to 35	Dec to Apr	1-8	60	Ind	22	183.39	-12.7645	0.0118	0.2550		0.1484
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Jun to Jul	1-8	90	Both	9	3.92	-0.2151	0.0025	0.6572		0.5086
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Aug to Nov	1-8	30	Dep	19	2.67	-0.0000	0.0005	0.4807		0.3613
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	0 to 28	Sep to Dec	1-8	30	Both	22	3.35	-0.0346	0.0096	0.2679		0.0523
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	31 to 45	Mar to Jun	1-8	30	Ind	14	199.36	-17.8704	0.0221	0.3209		0.1394

Distribution 183-m Seine

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating pseudo-species distributional response (km_U) to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 183-m seine hauls collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag(days)
<i>Archosargus probatocephalus</i>	Sheepshead	201 to 425	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	3		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	80 to 100	Sep-Oct	1-4	0	3		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	101 to 130	Sep-Mar	1-4	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	40 to 90	Jan-Oct	1-4	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	91 to 170	Apr-Oct	1-4	0	3		
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	50 to 110	Jul-Oct	1-4	3	0	-0.55	30
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	111 to 150	Jul-Oct	1-4	0	3		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	71 to 100	Jun-Sep	1-4	0	3		
<i>Dasyatis sabina</i>	Atlantic stingray	125 to 325	Apr-Sep	1-4	0	3		
<i>Diapterus auratus</i>	Irish pompano	60 to 110	Oct-Dec	1-4	0	3		
<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	Gizzard shad	0 to 200	Jun-Oct	1-4	0	3		
<i>Dorosoma petenense</i>	Threadfin shad	75 to 125	Jul-Nov	1-4	0	3		
<i>Elops saurus</i>	Ladyfish	150 to 300	Aug-Nov	1-4	0	3		
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	60 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-4	0	3		
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	150 to 275	May-Sep	1-4	0	3		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	70 to 100	Jun-Sep	1-4	0	3		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	101 to 130	Jul-Oct	1-4	2	1	-0.42	60, 90
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	131 to 160	Aug-Oct	1-4	3	0	-0.79	90
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	60 to 90	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	91 to 120	May-Sep	1-4	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	121 to 140	Sep-Dec	1-4	0	3		
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	60 to 120	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	3		
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	0 to 125	Nov-Jun	1-4	3	0	-0.57	60,90
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	18 to 25	Jul-Nov	1-4	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	60 to 100	Mar-Jun	1-4	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	101 to 130	May-Oct	1-4	0	3		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	75 to 125	Aug-Apr	1-4	0	3		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	126 to 175	Sep-Apr	1-4	3	0	-0.37	90
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	176 to 250	Jan-Dec	1-4	1	2	-0.22	90
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	251 to 375	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	3		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	100 to 130	Oct-Jan	1-4	2	1	-0.39	30,60
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	131 to 150	Sep-Jan	1-4	0	3		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	151 to 200	May-Dec	1-4	1	2	-0.43	90
<i>Orthopristis chrysoptera</i>	Pigfish	80 to 130	Jul-Sep	1-4	0	3		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	50 to 125	Mar-Jun	1-4	0	3		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	201 to 350	Jul-May	1-4	1	2	-0.41	90
<i>Strongylura marina</i>	Atlantic needlefish	325 to 500	Aug-Mar	1-4	0	3		

Distribution 183-m Seine Continued

Best-fit linear distributional response (kmU) to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 1831.3-m seines in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

<i>Species</i>	<i>Common name</i>	<i>Size (mm)</i>	<i>Months</i>	<i>Zones</i>	<i>Days</i>	<i>Transform</i>	<i>df</i>	<i>Intercept</i>	<i>Linear coef.</i>	<i>Linear P</i>	<i>r2</i>	<i>DW</i>	<i>Press r2</i>
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	50 to 110	Jul to Oct	1-4	30	Ind	15	71.86	-6.1079	0.0088	0.3765		0.2157
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	101 to 130	Jul to Oct	1-4	90	Dep	27	2.64	-0.0000	0.0088	0.2279		0.0792
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	131 to 160	Aug to Oct	1-4	90	Ind	16	114.18	-10.6688	0.0001	0.6035	x	0.5111
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	0 to 125	Nov to Jun	1-4	60	Both	16	2.89	-0.0220	0.0128	0.3289	x	0.1518
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	151 to 200	May to Dec	1-4	90	Ind	43	75.10	-6.0310	0.0011	0.2230		0.1592
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red Drum	201 to 350	Jul to May	1-4	90	Ind	40	69.78	-4.5028	0.0049	0.1814	x	0.1213

Distribution 6.1-m Trawl

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating pseudo-species distributional response (km_U) to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 6.1-m trawls collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag(days)
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	25 to 100	Sep-Mar	1-8	1	2	-0.40	90
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	101 to 200	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	20 to 35	Jul-Jan	1-8	2	1	-0.48	30
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	36 to 60	May-Jan	1-8	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	10 to 50	Oct-Feb	1-8	2	1	-0.42	60 , 90
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	51 to 80	May-Oct	1-8	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	81 to 110	May-Oct	1-8	0	3		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	111 to 180	Jun-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	20 to 50	Apr-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May-Sep	1-8	3	0	-0.57	60
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldtii</i>	Freshwater goby	30 to 55	Dec-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	0 to 25	May-Sep	1-8	0	3		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	26 to 40	May-Oct	1-8	0	3		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	41 to 75	Jun-Nov	1-8	3	0	-0.58	30
<i>Dasyatis sabina</i>	Atlantic stingray	150 to 275	Jul-Feb	1-8	0	3		
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	50 to 100	Sep-Jan	1-8	3	0	-0.52	30 , 90
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	101 to 350	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	10 to 25	Feb-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	26 to 40	Mar-May	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	41 to 60	Apr-Jun	1-8	0	3		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	61 to 90	May-Aug	1-8	1	2	-0.50	30
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	71 to 210	Oct-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	4 to 11	Jun-Sep	1-8	3	0	-0.57	30
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	12 to 27	Jul-Oct	1-8	0	3		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	19 to 28	Jul-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	29 to 36	Sep-Apr	1-8	0	3		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	37 to 56	Oct-Apr	1-8	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	0 to 25	Dec-Mar	1-8	0	3		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	26 to 40	Jan-May	1-8	3	0	-0.63	30
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	41 to 60	Feb-Jun	1-8	3	0	-0.57	60
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	61 to 85	Mar-Jul	1-8	3	0	-0.72	30
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	101 to 225	Jul-Feb	1-8	2	1	-0.47	90
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	20 to 45	Sep-Mar	1-8	2	1	-0.63	90
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	46 to 75	Jul-Feb	1-8	1	2	-0.41	90

Distribution 6.1-m Trawl Continued

Best-fit linear distributional response (kmU) to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 6.1-m trawl in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	25 to 100	Sep to Mar	1-8	90	Both	28	3.52	-0.0460	0.0209	0.1764		0.0555
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	20 to 35	Jul to Jan	1-8	30	Ind	35	145.34	-8.0972	0.0041	0.2127	x	0.1281
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May to Sep	1-8	60	Both	24	3.65	-0.1258	0.0043	0.2925	x	0.0721
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	41 to 75	Jun to Nov	1-8	30	None	30	94.43	-0.0043	0.0004	0.3417	x	0.2455
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	50 to 100	Sep to Jan	1-8	90	None	18	119.66	-0.0038	0.0176	0.2751	x	0.1434
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	61 to 90	May to Aug	1-8	30	Ind	18	145.96	-9.1993	0.0157	0.2835		0.0777
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	4 to 11	Jun to Sep	1-8	30	Both	21	3.79	-0.14	0.0009	0.4174		0.3086
<i>Micropogonias undulates</i>	Atlantic croaker	26 to 40	Jan to May	1-8	30	None	23	106.07	-0.0027	0.0034	0.3166		0.2194
<i>Micropogonias undulates</i>	Atlantic croaker	41 to 60	Feb to Jun	1-8	60	None	23	103.68	-0.0034	0.0019	0.3476		0.2425
<i>Micropogonias undulates</i>	Atlantic croaker	61 to 85	Mar to Jul	1-8	30	Both	24	3.43	-0.0549	0.0001	0.4670		0.3822
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	101 to 225	Jul to Feb	1-8	90	Ind	41	146.06	-8.1363	0.0021	0.2082		0.1282
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	20 to 45	Sep to Mar	1-8	90	Ind	37	141.44	-8.0251	0.0002	0.3247	x	0.2513
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	46 to 75	Jul to Feb	1-8	90	Ind	44	109.07	-4.7940	0.0076	0.1513	x	0.0728

Monthly Abundance 21.3-m Seine

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating pseudo-species monthly relative abundance to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 21.3-m seines collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>	Striped anchovy	0 to 45	May-Sep	1-4	1	11	-0.34	30
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	0 to 50	Apr-Jan	1-3	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	0 to 30	May-Jun	1-4	2	10	-0.56	120
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	31 to 55	May-Jul	1-6	4	8	-0.71	90
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	56 to 85	Jun-Sep	1-6	0	12		
<i>Brevoortia</i> spp.	Menhaden	20-40	Feb-Mar	1-3	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	0 to 30	Jan-Dec	1-4	3	9	-0.23	120
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	50 to 120	Mar-Dec	1-8	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	0 to 50	Apr-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May-Aug	1-2	0	12		
<i>Ctenogobius boleosoma</i>	Darter goby	0 to 35	Jan-Dec	1-3	3	9	0.27	30
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	0 to 50	Nov-Mar	1-4	8	4	0.49	360
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	0 to 30	Jun-Oct	1-2	4	8	-0.35	180
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	31 to 50	Jun-Oct	1-6	12	0	-0.82	150,180
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	51 to 110	Jul-Dec	1-6	12	0	-0.67	240,270,300,330
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	40 to 65	Jul-Dec	1-4	2	10	-0.35	30
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	0 to 34	Jun-Jul	1-2	0	12		
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	0 to 34	Dec-Jan	1-2	6	6	-0.62	360
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	35 to 60	Nov-Jul	1-2	10	2	-0.30	180
<i>Fundulus seminolis</i>	Seminole killifish	0 to 80	Jun-Sep	6-8	0	12		
<i>Gambusia holbrooki</i>	Eastern mosquitofish	0 to 32	Oct-Mar	6-8	0	12		
<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	Naked goby	20 to 35	Dec-Apr	1-8	9	3	-0.67	180,210,240,270
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	0 to 35	Feb-Apr	1-5	0	12		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	36 to 70	Apr-Jul	1-5	5	7	-0.55	300,330
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	0 to 25	Feb-Mar	1-2	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	26 to 55	Mar-Apr	1-3	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	56 to 75	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	20 to 110	Jan-Dec	3-4	7	5	0.45	300,330,360
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	20 to 110	Jan-Dec	6-8	0	12		
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug-Nov	3-4	12	0	0.72	300,330
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug-Nov	6-7	3	9	0.44	90
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	20 to 80	Aug-Dec	7-8	3	9	0.40	90
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Jun-Jul	1-4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Aug-Nov	1-4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	16 to 23	Jun-Aug	1-3	0	12		
<i>Lucania parva</i>	Rainwater killifish	0 to 32	Mar-Jun	4-8	8	4	-0.83	270
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	25 to 40	May-Aug	1-2	0	12		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	41 to 55	Jun-Sep	1-2	0	12		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	56 to 75	Sep-Feb	1-3	0	12		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	25 to 40	Jan-Dec	1-8	11	2	-0.41	90, 120
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	41 to 55	Jan-Dec	1-8	11	2	-0.53	60,90
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	56 to 75	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	3		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	0 to 28	Sep-Dec	4-8	0	12		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	29 to 45	Mar-Jun	4-8	0	12		

Monthly Abundance 21.3-m Seine Continued

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	0 to 25	Dec-Feb	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	35 to 65	Apr-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	66 to 96	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	0 to 39	Apr-Jun	4-8	0	12		
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	40 to 140	May-Aug	4-8	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	0 to 30	Jan-Apr	1-3	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	31 to 45	Mar-Jun	1-5	5	7	0.52	150,180,210
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	46 to 75	May-Jul	1-8	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	0 to 30	Apr-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	31 to 80	Jun-Jul	1-2	3	9	0.54	180
<i>Notemigonus chrysoleucas</i>	Golden shiner	0 to 50	May-Jul	6-8	7	5	-0.63	180
<i>Notemigonus chrysoleucas</i>	Golden shiner	51 to 100	Jun-Nov	6-8	0	12		
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb-Jun	1-8	2	10	0.43	60
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	0 to 35	Oct-Dec	1-4	8	4	-0.46	210,240
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	36 to 80	Dec-Mar	1-4	2	10	-0.42	360
<i>Strongylura marina</i>	Atlantic needlefish	100 to 175	Apr-Oct	5-8	1	11	-0.32	60
<i>Syngnathus scovelli</i>	Gulf pipefish	0 to 120	May-Oct	4-8	12	0	-0.77	210
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	0 to 30	Jul-Feb	3-8	1	11	0.34	30
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	31 to 60	Apr-Jan	3-8	1	11	0.25	360

Best-fit linear monthly abundance response to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 21.3-m seines in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	31 to 55	May to Jul	1-6	90	Both	14	3.60	-0.3394	0.0065	0.4211		0.1759
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	0 to 50	Nov to Mar	1-4	360	Dep	35	-0.32	0.0002	0.0005	0.2924	x	0.2031
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	31 to 50	Jun to Oct	1-6	150	Both	27	2.65	-0.3014	0.0000	0.6517	x	0.6075
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	51 to 110	Jul to Dec	1-6	300	Both	34	2.56	-0.2784	0.0001	0.3875	x	0.3317
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	0 to 34	Dec to Jan	1-2	360	Both	13	5.44	-0.5540	0.0060	0.4530	x	0.3066
<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	Naked goby	20 to 35	Dec to Apr	1-8	210	Both	24	2.10	-0.1762	0.0001	0.4668		0.3494
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	36 to 70	Apr to Jul	1-5	300	Dep	19	1.93	-0.0001	0.0111	0.2938	x	0.1759
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	20 to 110	Jan to Dec	3-4	360	Both	89	-1.85	0.2936	0.0000	0.2069		0.1758
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug to Nov	3-4	300	Both	30	-4.04	0.6060	0.0000	0.5160		0.4632
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug to Nov	6-7	90	Both	22	0.45	0.1709	0.0284	0.2001		0.0297
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	20 to 80	Aug to Dec	7-8	90	Both	28	-0.60	0.1703	0.0420	0.1395	x	0.0200
<i>Lucania parva</i>	Rainwater killifish	0 to 32	Mar to Jun	4-8	270	Both	18	7.97	-0.7371	0.0000	0.7119		0.6461
<i>Menidia spp.</i>	Silversides	25-40	Jan to Dec	1-8	120	Both	65	2.05	-0.0001	0.0002	0.1917		0.1488
<i>Menidia spp.</i>	Silversides	41-55	Jan to Dec	1-8	60	Both	65	2.17	-0.1012	0.0000	0.2604		0.2211
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	31 to 45	Mar to Jun	1-5	210	Both	18	-1.52	0.3269	0.0402	0.2135		0.0245
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	31 to 80	Jun to Jul	1-2	180	Dep	14	0.33	0.0002	0.0229	0.3180		0.0374
<i>Notemigonus chrysoleucas</i>	Golden shiner	0 to 50	May to Jul	6-8	180	Both	14	3.67	-0.3807	0.0410	0.2657		0.0623
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb to Jun	1-8	60	Both	23	-0.73	0.1620	0.0265	0.1964		0.0691
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	36 to 80	Dec to Mar	1-4	360	Dep	27	1.01	-0.0001	0.0089	0.2276		0.0870
<i>Syngnathus scovelli</i>	Gulf pipefish	0 to 120	May to Oct	4-8	210	Dep	32	1.43	-0.0002	0.0000	0.6452		0.6051

Monthly Abundance 183-m Seine

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating monthly pseudo-species relative abundance to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 183-m seines collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	100 to 250	May-Sep	4	0	12		
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	251 to 300	Jul-Sep	4	0	12		
<i>Archosargus probatocephalus</i>	Sheepshead	201 to 425	Jan-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	80 to 100	Sep-Oct	4	1	11	-0.53	90
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	101 to 130	Sep-Mar	1-4	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	131 to 170	Nov-Mar	1-2	2	10	0.45	30
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	40 to 90	Jan-Oct	2-4	7	5	-0.33	30
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	91 to 170	Apr-Oct	2-4	12	0	-0.53	150,180,210,270,300
<i>Caranx hippos</i>	Crevalle jack	50 to 200	Jun-Sep	1-4	9	3	-0.40	240
<i>Chilomycterus schoepfii</i>	Striped burrfish	40 to 110	June-Oct	1-2	12	0	-0.68	150
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	50 to 110	Jul-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	111 to 150	Jul-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	50 to 70	Jun-Jul	1-4	10	2	-0.73	150
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	71 to 100	Jun-Sep	1-4	7	5	-0.47	300,330
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	100 to 200	Sep-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	201 to 325	Nov-Mar	1-2	0	12		
<i>Dasyatis sabina</i>	Atlantic stingray	125 to 325	Apr-Sep	1-4	6	6	-0.35	90
<i>Diapterus auratus</i>	Irish pompano	60 to 110	Oct-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	Gizzard shad	0 to 200	Jun-Oct	3-4	0	12		
<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	Gizzard shad	201 to 375	May-Nov	3-4	2	10	-0.28	270
<i>Dorosoma petenense</i>	Threadfin shad	75 to 125	Jul-Nov	3-4	5	7	-0.36	240
<i>Elops saurus</i>	Ladyfish	150 to 300	Aug-Nov	1-4	0	12		
<i>Elops saurus</i>	Ladyfish	301 to 525	May-Sep	1-2	0	12		
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	50 to 85	Sep-Dec	1-3	4	8	-0.50	60
<i>Eucinostomus gula</i>	Silver jenny	65 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-4	10	2	-0.47	120
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	60 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-4	7	5	-0.45	120
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	91 to 110	May-Jun	4	8	4	-0.66	240,270,300,330,360
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	150 to 275	May-Sep	4	7	5	0.35	210
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	70 to 100	Jun-Sep	2-4	3	9	-0.40	360
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	101 to 130	Jul-Oct	1-4	12	0	-0.62	330,360
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	131 to 160	Aug-Oct	1-4	12	0	-0.65	330,360
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	60 to 90	Apr-Jun	1-4	5	7	-0.55	30,60
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	91 to 120	May-Sep	1-4	12	12	-0.62	60
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	121 to 140	Sep-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Lepisosteus osseus</i>	Longnose gar	675 to 950	Mar-Dec	3-4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	80 to 130	Oct-Jun	4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	131 to 190	Sep-Apr	4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	60 to 120	Jan-Dec	4	9	3	0.39	360
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	121 to 200	Dec-Jul	4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	0 to 125	Nov-Jun	4	12	0	0.62	360
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	126 to 250	Jan-Dec	4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	18 to 25	Jul-Nov	3	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	60 to 100	Mar-Jun	4	6	6	-0.48	180,210,240,270
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	101 to 130	May-Oct	3-4	1	11	-0.29	30

Monthly Abundance 183-m Seine Continued

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	131 to 170	Jul-Sep	1	6	6	-0.52	30,60,90,120
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	126 to 250	Nov-Mar	4	1	11	0.33	360
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	75 to 125	Aug-Apr	3-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	126 to 175	Sep-Apr	1-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	176 to 250	Jan-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	251 to 375	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	100 to 130	Oct-Jan	2-4	12	0	-0.57	150
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	131 to 150	Sep-Jan	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	151 to 200	May-Dec	1-2	3	9	-0.31	360
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	201 to 260	May-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	70 to 110	Feb-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	70 to 110	Aug-Oct	1-2	6	6	-0.55	60,90
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	111 to 170	Apr-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Orthopristis chrysoptera</i>	Pigfish	80 to 130	Jul-Sep	2-4	6	6	-0.55	30
<i>Paralichthys albigutta</i>	Gulf flounder	60 to 180	Mar-Sep	1-3	12	0	-0.52	360
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	126 to 325	Feb-Nov	1-3	8	4	-0.32	120
<i>Pogonias cromis</i>	Black drum	150 to 250	May-Nov	1-2	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	50 to 125	Mar-Jun	3-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	126 to 200	Apr-Jul	1-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	201 to 350	Jul-May	1-4	4	8	0.28	30
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	351 to 700	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Selene vomer</i>	Lookdown	30 to 80	Jun-Nov	1-3	2	10	-0.32	360
<i>Selene vomer</i>	Lookdown	110 to 160	Sep-Oct	2	0	12		
<i>Strongylura marina</i>	Atlantic needlefish	325 to 500	Aug-Mar	1-4	7	5	-0.36	270

Monthly Abundance 183-m Seine Continued

Best-fit linear monthly abundance response to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 183-m seines in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	80 to 100	Sep to Oct	4	90	Both	14	3.48	-0.3807	0.0416	0.2644	x	-0.0555
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	131 to 170	Nov to Mar	1-2	30	Both	35	-1.25	0.2032	0.0064	0.1939		0.1203
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	91 to 170	Apr to Oct	2-4	180	Both	52	2.40	-0.2045	0.0001	0.2557	x	0.1967
<i>Caranx hippos</i>	Crevalle jack	50 to 200	Jun to Sep	1-4	240	Ind	30	4.14	-0.4499	0.0122	0.1919	x	0.0897
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	71 to 100	Jun to Sep	1-4	300	Both	30	2.77	-0.2513	0.0056	0.2286		0.1158
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	50 to 85	Sep to Dec	1-3	60	Both	30	2.14	-0.1911	0.0029	0.2593		0.1673
<i>Eucinostomus gula</i>	Silver jenny	65 to 90	Aug to Dec	1-4	120	Dep	38	0.98	-0.0001	0.0047	0.1915		0.1127
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	60 to 90	Aug to Dec	1-4	120	Dep	38	1.19	-0.0001	0.0048	0.1912		0.0973
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	91 to 110	May to Jun	4	360	Both	13	7.54	-0.8894	0.0054	0.4603		0.0576
<i>Lagodon rhomboids</i>	Pinfish	70 to 100	Jun to Sep	2-4	360	Dep	30	2.34	-0.0001	0.0312	0.1455	x	0.0313
<i>Lagodon rhomboids</i>	Pinfish	101 to 130	Jul to Oct	1-4	330	Both	30	4.53	-0.3877	0.0005	0.3331	x	0.2546
<i>Lagodon rhomboids</i>	Pinfish	131 to 160	Aug to Oct	1-4	360	Ind	22	21.12	-2.3302	0.0011	0.3891		0.2716
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	60 to 90	Apr to Jun	1-4	60	Both	20	4.06	-0.3683	0.0024	0.3763	x	0.2181
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	91 to 120	May to ep	1-4	60	Both	37	3.08	-0.2559	0.0002	0.3148		0.2135
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	0 to 125	Nov to Jun	4	360	Dep	57	-0.61	0.0003	0.0000	0.3769	x	0.3398
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	60 to 100	Mar to Jun	4	240	Both	27	4.78	-0.4893	0.0197	0.1854		0.0515
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	131 to 170	Jul to Sep	1	120	Ind	22	51.71	-6.2591	0.0034	0.3283	x	0.1551
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	100 to 130	Oct to Jan	2-4	150	Both	29	4.06	-0.3140	0.0021	0.2822		0.1806
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	70 to 110	Aug to Oct	1-2	60	Both	22	3.12	-0.3264	0.0033	0.3307		0.1938
<i>Orthopristis chrysoptera</i>	Pigfish	80 to 130	Jul to Sep	2-4	30	Both	22	2.38	-0.2528	0.0058	0.2983	x	0.1566
<i>Paralichthys albigutta</i>	Gulf flounder	60 to 180	Mar to Sep	1-3	360	Both	51	2.69	-0.2829	0.0001	0.2705		0.2145

Monthly Abundance 6.1-m Trawl

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating monthly pseudo-species relative abundance to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 183-m seines collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Achirus lineatus</i>	Lined sole	10 to 60	Jan-Dec	1-4	3	9	0.33	30
<i>Achirus lineatus</i>	Lined sole	61 to 120	Jan-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	25 to 100	Sep-Mar	3-8	12	0	0.84	270,300, 330 ,360
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	101 to 200	Jan-Dec	3-8	7	5	0.59	360
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	20 to 35	Jul-Jan	1-8	12	0	-0.49	150,180
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	36 to 60	May-Jan	1-4	12	0	-0.36	180
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	10 to 40	May-Aug	1-4	1	11	-0.38	30
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	100 to 130	Oct-Apr	1-3	7	5	0.41	60,90
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	10 to 50	Oct-Feb	1-4	7	5	0.49	360
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	51 to 80	May-Oct	1-4	4	8	-0.37	30
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	81 to 110	May-Oct	1-4	7	5	-0.43	30,60,90,120
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	111 to 180	Jun-Dec	1-8	12	0	-0.70	150,180,210
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	20 to 50	Apr-Jun	1-8	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May-Sep	1-7	4	8	-0.48	90
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	30 to 55	Dec-Mar	3-4	12	0	0.67	360
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	0 to 25	May-Sep	1-3	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	26 to 40	May-Oct	1-4	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	41 to 75	Jun-Nov	1-8	8	4	-0.56	90,120
<i>Dasyatis sabina</i>	Atlantic stingray	150 to 275	Jul-Feb	1-8	0	12		
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	30 to 60	Jul-Nov	1-3	0	12		
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	61 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-3	12	0	-0.49	30
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	50 to 100	Sep-Jan	4-8	12	0	0.82	180,210,240,270
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	101 to 350	Jan-Dec	4-8	9	3	0.36	360
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	10 to 25	Feb-Mar	1-3	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	26 to 40	Mar-May	1-4	1	11	0.46	30
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	41 to 60	Apr-Jun	1-4	2	10	0.49	60
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	61 to 90	May-Aug	1-8	2	10	0.46	120
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	71 to 210	Oct-Mar	3-8	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	4 to 11	Jun-Sep	1-5	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	12 to 27	Jul-Oct	1-8	2	10	0.43	210,240
<i>Menticirrhus americanus</i>	Southern kingfish	10 to 40	May-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	19 to 28	Jul-Mar	4-8	5	7	-0.38	270
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	29 to 36	Sep-Apr	4-8	9	3	-0.55	240,270
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	37 to 56	Oct-Apr	4-8	10	2	-0.62	270,300
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	0 to 25	Dec-Mar	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	26 to 40	Jan-May	3-8	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	41 to 60	Feb-Jun	3-8	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	61 to 85	Mar-Jul	3-8	0	12		
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb-May	1-5	2	10	0.66	30
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	51 to 100	Apr-Sep	1-8	7	5	0.60	180,210
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	101 to 225	Jul-Feb	1-8	1	11	-0.29	120
<i>Symphurus plagiusa</i>	Blackcheek tonguefish	20 to 60	Jun-Feb	1-3	0	12		
<i>Symphurus plagiusa</i>	Blackcheek tonguefish	61 to 110	Jul-Dec	1-3	0	12		
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	20 to 45	Sep-Mar	3-6	12	0	0.56	60,150,180
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	46 to 75	Jul-Feb	3-6	8	4	0.33	300

Monthly Abundance 6.1-m Trawl Continued

Best-fit linear monthly abundance response to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 6.1-m trawl in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r ²	DW	Press r ²
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	25 to 100	Sep to Mar	3-8	300	Both	37	-3.41	0.5427	0.0000	0.6903	x	0.6556
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	101 to 200	Jan to Dec	3-8	360	Both	64	-1.12	0.2426	0.0000	0.3510	x	0.3119
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	20 to 35	Jul to Jan	1-8	180	Both	39	3.96	-0.3260	0.0023	0.2137		0.1407
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	100 to 130	Oct to Apr	1-3	90	Both	50	-0.48	0.1276	0.0009	0.1996		0.1366
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	10 to 50	Oct to Feb	1-4	360	None	36	-0.13	0.0002	0.0036	0.2127	x	0.1292
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	81 to 110	May to Oct	1-4	120	Ind	45	1.94	-0.1885	0.0020	0.1925	x	0.1199
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	111 to 180	Jun to Dec	1-8	180	Ind	39	6.78	-0.7249	0.0000	0.4685		0.4133
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May to Sep	1-7	90	Ind	26	1.79	-0.1772	0.0124	0.2174	x	0.0967
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	30 to 55	Dec to Mar	3-4	360	Dep	27	-0.60	0.0003	0.0002	0.4167	x	0.3451
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	41 to 75	Jun to Nov	1-8	90	Dep	33	1.06	-0.0001	0.0000	0.4223	x	0.3290
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	61 to 90	Aug to Dec	1-3	30	Ind	38	1.97	-0.1908	0.0015	0.2754	x	0.1945
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	50 to 100	Sep to Jan	4-8	180	Both	27	-2.01	0.3277	0.0000	0.6693		0.6235
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	41 to 60	Apr to Jun	1-4	60	Both	20	-1.35	0.3689	0.0065	0.3158		0.1964
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	61 to 90	May to Aug	1-8	120	Both	20	-0.20	0.1595	0.0307	0.2129	x	0.0565
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	12 to 27	Jul to Oct	1-8	210	Both	22	-0.77	0.2995	0.0249	0.2085	x	0.0826
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	29 to 36	Sep to Apr	4-8	270	Ind	42	1.69	-0.1809	0.0001	0.3158		0.2488
<i>Microgobius gulosus</i>	Clown goby	37 to 56	Oct to Apr	4-8	300	Ind	36	2.41	-0.2744	0.0003	0.3131		0.2121
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb to May	1-5	30	Both	18	-0.72	0.1895	0.0062	0.3479		0.1760
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	51 to 100	Apr to Sep	1-8	210	Both	31	-0.92	0.1785	0.0018	0.2744	x	0.1903
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	20 to 45	Sep to Mar	3-6	60	Ind	37	-4.92	0.8544	0.0000	0.3647		0.2558

Annual Abundance 21.3-m Seine

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating annual pseudo-species relative abundance to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 21.3-m seines collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>	Striped anchovy	0 to 45	May-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	0 to 50	Apr-Jan	1-3	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	0 to 30	May-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	31 to 55	May-Jul	1-4	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	56 to 85	Jun-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Brevortia</i> spp.	Menhaden	20 to 40	Feb - Mar	1-3	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	0 to 30	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	50 to 120	Mar-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	0 to 50	Apr-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May-Aug	1-2	0	12		
<i>Ctenogobius boleosoma</i>	Darter goby	0 to 35	Jan-Dec	1-3	0	12		
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldtii</i>	Freshwater goby	0 to 50	Nov-Mar	1-4	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	0 to 30	Jun-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	31 to 50	Jun-Oct	1-4	1	11	-0.65	60
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	51 to 110	Jul-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	40 to 65	Jul-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	0 to 34	Jun-Jul	1-2	0	12		
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	0 to 34	Dec-Jan	1-2	7	5	-0.78	30,60, 270,300,330
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	35 to 60	Nov-Jul	1-2	3	9	-0.73	240
<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	Naked goby	20 to 35	Dec-Apr	1-4	10	2	-0.78	240,270,300,360
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	0 to 35	Feb-Apr	1-4	0	12		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	36 to 70	Apr-Jul	1-4	3	9	-0.68	150, 180, 210
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	0 to 25	Feb-Mar	1-2	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	26 to 55	Mar-Apr	1-3	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	56 to 75	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	20 to 110	Jan-Dec	3-4	9	3	0.85	330, 360
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug-Nov	3-4	3	9	0.70	300, 330, 360
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Jun-Jul	1-4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	0 to 15	Aug-Nov	1-4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	16 to 23	Jun- Aug	1-3	0	12		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	25 to40	May-Aug	1-2	0	12		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	41 to 55	Jun-Sep	1-2	0	12		
<i>Menidia menidia</i>	Atlantic silversides	56 to 75	Sep-Feb	1-3	0	12		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	25 to40	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	12		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	41 to 55	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	12		
<i>Menidia</i> spp.	Silversides	56 to 75	Jan-Dec	1-8	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	0 to 25	Dec-Feb	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	35 to 65	Apr-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	66 to 96	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	0 to 30	Jan-Apr	1-3	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	31 to 45	Mar-Jun	1-4	7	5	0.72	180,210,240
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	46 to 75	May-Jul	1-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	0 to 30	Apr-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	31 to 80	Jun-Jul	1-2	0	12		

Annual Abundance 21.3-m Seine Continued

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	0 to 35	Oct-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	36 to 80	Dec-Mar	1-4	0	12		
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	0 to 30	Jul-Feb	3-4	1	11	0.75	30
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	31 to 60	Apr-Jan	3-4	0	12		

Best-fit linear annual abundance response to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 21.3-m seine in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	Mummichog	0 to 34	Dec to Jan	1-2	30	Ind	7	17.18	-1.7339	0.0021	0.7623		0.6271
<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	Naked goby	20 to 35	Dec to Apr	1-4	240	Both	7	1.75	-0.1242	0.0166	0.5832	x	0.2431
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	20 to 110	Jan to Dec	3-4	360	None	8	-0.38	0.0002	0.0014	0.7398		0.4712
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 65	Aug to Nov	3-4	300	None	8	-2.14	0.0009	0.0079	0.6074		0.3759
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	31 to 45	Mar to Jun	1-4	210	Both	8	-1.16	0.2832	0.0182	0.5224	x	0.3371

Annual Abundance 183-m Seine

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating annual pseudo-species relative abundance to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 183-m seines collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	100 to 250	May-Sep	4	0	12		
<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	White catfish	251 to 300	Jul-Sep	4	0	12		
<i>Archosargus probatocephalus</i>	Sheepshead	201 to 425	Jan-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	80 to 100	Sep-Oct	4	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	101 to 130	Sep-Mar	1-4	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	131 to 170	Nov-Mar	1-2	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	40 to 90	Jan-Oct	2-4	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	91 to 170	Apr-Oct	2-4	0	12		
<i>Caranx hippos</i>	Crevalle jack	50 to 200	Jun-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Chilomycterus schoepfii</i>	Striped burrfish	40 to 110	June-Oct	1-2	11	1	-0.81	270, 300, 330
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	50 to 110	Jul-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	Atlantic bumper	111 to 150	Jul-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	50 to 70	Jun-Jul	1-4	3	9	-0.68	90,120,150
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	71 to 100	Jun-Sep	1-4	6	6	-0.70	90, 270, 300, 330
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	100 to 200	Sep-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	201 to 325	Nov-Mar	1-2	5	7	0.75	30,60
<i>Dasyatis sabina</i>	Atlantic stingray	125 to 325	Apr-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Diapterus auratus</i>	Irish pompano	60 to 110	Oct-Dec	1-4	1	11	0.65	360
<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	Gizzard shad	0 to 200	Jun-Oct	3-4	0	12		
<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	Gizzard shad	201 to 375	May-Nov	3-4	0	12		
<i>Dorosoma petenense</i>	Threadfin shad	75 to 125	Jul-Nov	3-4	0	12		
<i>Elops saurus</i>	Ladyfish	150 to 300	Aug-Nov	1-4	0	12		
<i>Elops saurus</i>	Ladyfish	301 to 525	May-Sep	1-2	0	12		
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	50 to 85	Sep-Dec	1-3	0	12		
<i>Eucinostomus gula</i>	Silver jenny	65 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	60 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-4	1	11	-0.67	30
<i>Eucinostomus harengulus</i>	Tidewater mojarra	91 to 110	May-Jun	4	0	12		
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	150 to 275	May-Sep	4	12	0	0.83	90,120,150
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	300 to 525	Sep-Mar	4	0	12		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	70 to 100	Jun-Sep	2-4	0	12		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	101 to 130	Jul-Oct	1-4	7	5	-0.78	270, 300, 330
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	131 to 160	Aug-Oct	1-4	12	0	-0.87	30
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	60 to 90	Apr-Jun	1-4	1	11	-0.64	30
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	91 to 120	May-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	121 to 140	Sep-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Lepisosteus osseus</i>	Longnose gar	675 to 950	Mar-Dec	3-4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	131 to 190	Sep-Apr	4	3	9	-0.72	30
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	60 to 120	Jan-Dec	4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	121 to 200	Dec-Jul	4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	0 to 125	Nov-Jun	4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis microlophus</i>	Redear sunfish	126 to 250	Jan-Dec	4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	18 to 25	Jul-Nov	3	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	60 to 100	Mar-Jun	4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	101 to 130	May-Oct	3-4	0	12		

Annual Abundance 183-m Seine cont.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	131 to 170	Jul-Sep	1	0	12		
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	126 to 250	Nov-Mar	4	0	12		
<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	Largemouth bass	251 to 325	Nov-Mar	4	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	75 to 125	Aug-Apr	3-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	126 to 175	Sep-Apr	1-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	176 to 250	Jan-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Striped mullet	251 to 375	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	100 to 130	Oct-Jan	2-4	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	131 to 150	Sep-Jan	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	151 to 200	May-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Mugil curema</i>	White mullet	201 to 260	May-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	70 to 110	Feb-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	70 to 110	Aug-Oct	1-2	0	12		
<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	Atlantic thread herring	111 to 170	Apr-Jun	1-2	0	12		
<i>Orthopristis chrysoptera</i>	Pigfish	80 to 130	Jul-Sep	2-4	0	12		
<i>Paralichthys albigutta</i>	Gulf flounder	60 to 180	Mar-Sep	1-3	11	1	-0.81	90,150,180 210, 240,270
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	126 to 325	Feb-Nov	1-3	1	11	-0.64	150
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	50 to 125	Mar-Jun	3-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	126 to 200	Apr-Jul	1-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	201 to 350	Jul-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Sciaenops ocellatus</i>	Red drum	351 to 700	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Selene vomer</i>	Lookdown	30 to 80	Jun-Nov	1-3	3	9	-0.67	270, 300, 330
<i>Sphoeroides nephelus</i>	Southern puffer	70 to 170	Aug-Nov	1-3	10	2	-0.89	150,180,210
<i>Strongylura marina</i>	Atlantic needlefish	325 to 500	Aug-Mar	1-4	6	6	-0.77	30,120

Best-fit linear annual abundance response to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 183-m seine in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zone	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Chilomycterus schoepfii</i>	Striped burrfish	40 to 110	Jun to Oct	1-2	270	Dep	8	1.33	-0.0002	0.0037	0.6728		0.4364
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	50 to 70	Jun to Jul	1-4	90	Dep	8	1.06	-0.0002	0.0228	0.4968		0.1414
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	71 to 100	Jun to Sep	1-4	300	Both	8	2.11	-0.1489	0.0134	0.5550	x	0.2381
<i>Cynoscion nebulosus</i>	Spotted seatrout	201 to 325	Nov to Mar	1-2	60	None	7	0.22	0.0001	0.0180	0.5742		0.4395
<i>Diapterus auratus</i>	Irish pompano	60 to 110	Oct to Dec	1-4	360	Dep	8	0.44	0.0001	0.0088	0.5965		0.0867
<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Channel catfish	150 to 275	May to Sep	4	150	Both	8	-2.93	0.4699	0.0080	0.6061	x	0.3921
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	101 to 130	Jul to Oct	1-4	300	Ind	8	43.37	-4.5456	0.0121	0.5659	x	0.3810
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	131 to 160	Aug to Oct	1-4	30	Both	8	3.01	-0.2374	0.0060	0.6324		0.2210
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	60 to 90	Apr to Jun	1-4	30	Ind	8	52.25	-6.0629	0.0245	0.4885		0.2290
<i>Lepomis auritus</i>	Redbreast sunfish	131 to 190	Sep to Apr	4	30	Ind	7	5.97	-0.5819	0.0018	0.7740		0.6423
<i>Paralichthys albigutta</i>	Gulf flounder	60 to 180	Mar to Sep	1-3	150	Dep	8	0.92	-0.0001	0.0281	0.4724	x	0.1260
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	126 to 325	Feb to Nov	1-3	150	Both	8	1.26	-0.0609	0.0141	0.5497	x	0.2224
<i>Sphoeroides nephelus</i>	Southern puffer	70 to 170	Aug to Nov	1-3	210	Both	8	2.25	-0.2093	0.0014	0.7396		0.6055

Annual Abundance 6.1-m Trawl

Summary of Spearman's correlation analyses relating annual pseudo-species relative abundance to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for 183-m seines collected in the lower St. Johns River. Sig. is number of significant ($P < 0.050$) correlation(s), Not Sig. is number of non-significant correlation(s). The highest significant absolute rho ($p < 0.05$) is presented along with the associated lag times that were used in linear regression. Bold lag is associated with the highest absolute rho. Other lags used in linear regression had rho values within $\pm 3\%$ of the highest value

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	FIM Zones	Sig.	Not Sig.	rho	Lag (days)
<i>Achirus lineatus</i>	Lined sole	10 to 60	Jan-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Achirus lineatus</i>	Lined sole	61 to 120	Jan-Dec	1-2	0	12		
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	36 to 60	May-Jan	1-4	2	10	-0.77	330, 360
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	10 to 40	May-Aug	1-4	0	12		
<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	Silver perch	100 to 130	Oct-Apr	1-3	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	10 to 50	Oct-Feb	1-4	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	51 to 80	May-Oct	1-4	0	12		
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	81 to 110	May-Oct	1-4	1	11	-0.65	60
<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	Blue crab	111 to 180	Jun-Dec	1-4	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	20 to 50	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Citharichthys spilopterus</i>	Bay whiff	51 to 90	May-Sep	1-4	4	8	-0.71	90
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	30 to 55	Dec-Mar	3-4	6	6	0.77	270,300
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	0 to 25	May-Sep	1-3	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	26 to 40	May-Oct	1-4	0	12		
<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	Atlantic weakfish	41 to 75	Jun-Nov	1-4	0	12		
<i>Dasyatis sabina</i>	Atlantic stingray	150 to 275	Jul-Feb	1-4	0	12		
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	30 to 60	Jul-Nov	1-3	0	12		
<i>Etropus crossotus</i>	Fringed flounder	61 to 90	Aug-Dec	1-3	0	12		
<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	Pinfish	80 to 100	Nov-Mar	1-3	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	10 to 25	Feb-Mar	1-3	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	26 to 40	Mar-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	41 to 60	Apr-Jun	1-4	0	12		
<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	Spot	61 to 90	May-Aug	1-4	0	12		
<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Bluegill	20 to 70	Oct-Dec	3-4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	4 to 11	Jun-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Litopenaeus setiferus</i>	White shrimp	12 to 27	Jul-Oct	1-4	0	12		
<i>Menticirrhus americanus</i>	Southern kingfish	10 to 40	May-Sep	1-4	0	12		
<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>	Atlantic croaker	0 to 25	Dec-Mar	1-4	0	12		
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	0 to 50	Feb-May	1-4	0	12		
<i>Paralichthys lethostigma</i>	Southern flounder	101 to 225	Jul-Feb	1-4	0	12		
<i>Symphurus plagiusa</i>	Blackcheek tonguefish	20 to 60	Jun-Feb	1-3	0	12		
<i>Symphurus plagiusa</i>	Blackcheek tonguefish	61 to 110	Jul-Dec	1-3	0	12		
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	20 to 45	Sep-Mar	1-4	6	6	0.75	60,90,180
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	46 to 75	Jul-Feb	1-4	0	12		

Annual Abundance 6.1-m Trawl Continued

Best-fit linear annual abundance response to continuously lagged mean freshwater inflow for pseudo-species collected with 6.1-m trawl seine in the lower St. Johns River. Both untransformed and transformed data (fourth root) were used to develop regressions and only the best-fit regression (highest PRESS r^2) is presented here. An "x" in DW indicates that the Durbin-Watson statistic was significant ($p < 0.05$). Press r^2 = predicted residual sum of squares statistic.

Species	Common name	Size (mm)	Months	Zones	Days	Transform	df	Intercept	Linear coef.	Linear P	r2	DW	Press r2
<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	Bay anchovy	36 to 60	May to Jan	1-4	360	Both	7	3.50	-0.2297	0.0099	0.6376	x	0.3566
<i>Ctenogobius shufeldti</i>	Freshwater goby	30 to 55	Dec to Mar	3-4	360	Dep	7	-0.73	0.0003	0.0115	0.6225		0.3383
<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	Hogchoker	20 to 45	Sep to Mar	1-4	60	Both	7	-0.25	0.1568	0.0147	0.5964	x	0.3779